

# Orchestra I

The purpose of this document is to clarify what students should know and be able to do each grading period.

The Competencies listed in the table below are developed from the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) for that grade level. The chart defines which quarter the Competency is reported (Q1 = Grading Period 1, Q2 = Grading Period 2, etc.)

Teachers will report on the competencies using the Learning Progressions which are comprised of four proficiency levels (developing (DV), progressing (PG), proficient (PG) and advanced (AV)) and defines the knowledge and skills students will master on their pathway to proficiency. The Learning Progressions for each Competency are below the yearlong outline of the Competencies. Following the Learning Progression are the Competency Success Criteria which define what a student knows and is able to do related to that competency at the end of a unit or quarter.

Students who receive a mark of "Proficient" meet the grade level expectation for that Competency.

Competencies	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
C1 – Music Literacy The student identifies and interprets musical symbols and patterns in music.	Х	Х	Х	Х
<b>C2</b> – <b>Performance</b> The student performs with appropriate fundamentals of tone production, articulation, and technique.	x	x	x	x
<b>C3</b> – <b>Sight Reading</b> The student applies the fundamentals of tone, rhythm, technique, and musicality while sight-reading music.	х	x	x	x
<b>C4 – Concert Etiquette</b> : The student behaves in appropriate ways as an audience member and as a performer during a musical performance.	х	x	x	x
<b>C5 – Critical Evaluation and Response:</b> The student observes and reflects on self and other's performances to develop their craft.	x	x	x	х



he student can identify and interpret musical symbols and patterns in music.				
Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced	
Matches parts of the instrument	Identifies parts of the instrument	Identifies parts of the instrument.	Understands the function of the	
mirroring the teacher.	with partner/group.		parts of the instrument.	
Identifies and explains various lines,	Identifies and explains various lines,	Identifies and explains the lines,	Identifies the lines and spaces on,	
spaces, symbols and note values on	spaces, symbols and note values on	spaces, symbols and note values on	above, and below the staff, explains	
the staff with assistance.	the staff.	the staff.	combinations and the impact	
			dynamics have on a piece of music	
			and can identify tempo changes aurally.	
Identifies the note value pyramid.	Explains some levels of the note	Explains the note value pyramid.	Explains all levels of the note value	
identifies the note value pyramid.	value pyramid.	explains the note value pyrannu.	pyramid.	
	.,		.,	
Listens to examples of a whole step	Identifies aurally the difference	Identifies half and whole steps in	Labels half step and whole step	
and half step.	between half and whole steps.	music, on a piano keyboard, and on an instrument.	intervals on musical examples.	
Recites note names aloud	Recites note names aloud while	Recites note names aloud in tempo	Recites note names aloud at various	
Recites note names aloud	clapping/patting lap	with a metronome while	speeds with a metronome while	
		clapping/patting lap	clapping/patting lap	
Lists and recognizes the common	Lists and recognizes some dynamic	Lists and recognizes the common	Lists and recognizes parts of the	
dynamic levels: soft (p) and loud (f).	levels (Quarters 2-4)	dynamic levels (Quarters 2-4)	instrument one would use to play	
(Quarters 2-4)			levels pianissimo	
			to fortissimo (Quarters 2-4)	
Defines a major scale (Quarters 2-4)	Builds a major scale (Quarters 2-4)	Builds a major scale on any given	Builds a two octave major scale on	
		note (Quarters 2-4)	any given note (Quarters 2-4)	
		Recognizes and defines syncopation		
		(Quarters 3-4)		



### **Competencies and Progressions**

Defines detache, legato and staccato	Compares detache, legato and staccato	Correlates articulation markings to notes which touch (legato) and which do not (staccato)	Identifies the difference between syncopated and non-syncopated rhythmic patterns (Quarters 3-4) Identifies legato and staccato in various listening examples
Success Criteria for Proficient for	Music Literacy:		-
The student can: Quarter 1: identify parts of the instru identify the lines and space explain the note values py	es on the staff. ramid.		
<ul> <li>recite note names aloud in Quarter 2:</li> </ul>	tempo with a metronome while clapping	ing/patting lap.	
	and 2nd endings, DC al Fine and DC al	Coda. (Ouarter 2)	
	ps in music, on a piano keyboard, and o		
<ul> <li>recite note names aloud ir</li> </ul>	tempo with a metronome while clapp	ing/patting lap. (Quarter 2)	
Quarter 3:			
	ation markings such as legato, staccato		
	ndo, and recognize the music symbols mon dynamic levels starting with pianis given note		
Quarter 4:	D		
recognize and define synce	opation.		
<ul> <li>define the major tempi ma</li> </ul>	rkings: adagio, andante, moderato, alle	egro, presto, ritardando, accelerando, an	d a tempo.
	my finger on the music when there is D		
<ul> <li>correlate articulation mark</li> </ul>	ings to notes which touch (legato) and	which do not (staccato).	



## Learning Progression for Competency 2: Performance

The student can perform with appropriate fundamentals of tone production, articulation, and technique.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Sometimes performs with correct	Usually performs with correct	Consistently performs with correct	Performs with correct posture,
posture, hand position, instrument	posture, hand position, instrument	posture, hand position, instrument	hand position, instrument balance,
balance, and body alignment.	balance, and body alignment.	balance, and body alignment.	and body alignment with fluency
Needs multiple reminders.	Needs some reminders		and ease.
Sometimes performs various bow strokes with consistent speed and weight.	Usually performs various bow strokes with consistent speed and weight.	Performs various bow strokes with consistent speed and weight.	Fluently and easily performs various bow strokes with consistent speed and weight.
Attempts to play and perform music representing various styles and cultures.	Plays and performs music representing various styles and cultures with some errors.	Plays and performs a varied repertoire of music representing various styles and cultures with few errors.	Plays and performs a varied repertoire of music representing various styles and cultures and is able to discuss the importance and value.
Performs a major scale accurately.	Performs some major scales	Performs major scales accurately.	Performs major scales accurately
(Quarters 2-4)	accurately. (Quarters 2-4)	(Quarters 2-4)	and fluently. (Quarters 2-4)

Success Criteria for Proficient for Performance:

#### The student can:

Quarter 1:

- know basic playing position and rest position.
- perform with correct posture, hand position, instrument balance, and body alignment.
- perform with proper right hand pizzicato position.
- set the bow and draw bow arm and wrist to initiate a smooth sound with proper release.

#### Quarter 2:

- perform detache and staccato bow strokes.
- place left hand fingers on string with correct curves and base knuckle placement and motion.
- successfully play through half, quarter, and eighth note rhythms.



#### Quarter 3:

- perform a sustained bow with consistent speed and weight.
- understand and develop shifting.
- understand and set up vibrato.
- perform basic two note slurs and ties on one string and across adjacent strings on down and up bows with fair consistency.

- perform a legato bow stroke with more consistency and increased fluency.
- continue to develop shifting.
- demonstrate a developing vibrato motion on long tones and exercises with teacher assistance.
- play the following major scales accurately:
  - Violin, Viola, Cello two octave major scales: C, G, D, F, and B-flat.
  - $\circ~$  Bass two-octave major scales: C, G, D, F, and B-flat
  - Harp two-octave major scales and arpeggios, both hands together: C, G, D, F, and B-flat.
- play and perform a varied repertoire of music representing various styles and cultures for the Spring Concert and/or end-of-year concert festival.



## Learning Progression for Competency 3: Sight Reading

The student can apply the fundamentals of tone, rhythm, technique, and musicality while sight-reading music.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Counts notes and equivalent rests	Counts and claps notes and	Counts, claps and performs notes	Counts, claps and performs notes
using the Eastman System	equivalent rests using the Eastman	and equivalent rests using the	and equivalent rests using the
	System at various tempi.	Eastman System at various tempi.	Eastman System at various tempi with fluency.
Sight-reads repeated notes of the	Sight-reads a couple measures of a	Sight-reads melodies in multiple	Sight-reads melodies and
same pitch.	song. (Quarters 2-4)	time signatures. (Quarters 3-4)	harmonies in multiple time
			signatures. (Quarters 3-4)
Identifies musical roadmap symbols	Sight-reads pieces interpreting	Sight-reads pieces interpreting	Sight-reads pieces interpreting
	some musical road map symbols	musical road map symbols	musical road map symbols
	accurately (Quarters 2-4)	accurately (Quarters 2-4)	accurately on first try (Quarters 2-4)
Counts melodies having rhythmic	Sight-reads melodies having	Sight-reads music is various tempi	Conducts music is various tempi
combinations	rhythmic combinations	accurately (Quarters 2-4)	accurately (Quarters 3-4)
Describes how to play notes with	Air bows notes with connected and	Sight-reads notes with connected	Teaches a peer how to play notes
connected and separated styles	separated styles accurately	and separated styles accurately	with connected and separated
accurately		(Quarters 2-4)	styles accurately (Quarter 2-4)

Success Criteria for Proficient for Sight Reading:

#### The student can:

Quarter 1:

• count using the Eastman Counting System, clap, and play all rhythmic combinations through eighth notes/rests in simple time on open strings with a metronome and steady pulse.

### Quarter 2:

- sight-read songs in 2/4 and 3/4 time signatures.
- count using the Eastman Counting System, clap, and play all rhythmic combinations through eighth notes/rests in simple time on open strings with a metronome and steady pulse.



### Quarter 3:

• count, clap, and perform whole, half, dotted-half, quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes and equivalent rests using the Eastman System in 4/4, 3/4, and 2/4 time signatures at various tempi.

- sight-read songs with D.S. al Fine accurately.
- sight-read melodies having rhythmic combinations through eighth notes/rests.
- sight-read music is various tempi accurately.
- sight-read notes with connected and separated styles accurately.



### Learning Progression for Competency 4: Concert Etiquette

The student can behave in appropriate ways as an audience member and as a performer during a musical performance.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Remains still and quiet during parts	Remains still and quiet during most	Remains still and quiet during an	Remains still and quiet during an
of a musical performance	of a musical performance	entire musical performance with	entire musical performance without
		minimal reminders	reminders
Knows the time for a concert	Discusses the importance of staying	Arrives on time for a concert and	Arrives on time for a concert and
	at the concert for the entire	stay there for the entire	stay there for the entire
	performance	performance	performance without being
			reminded

Success Criteria for Proficient for Concert Etiquette:

#### The student can:

Quarter 1:

• remain still and quiet during an entire musical performance with minimal reminders.

Quarter 2:

- remain still and quiet during an entire musical performance with minimal reminders.
- arrive on time for a concert and stay there for the entire performance.

Quarter 3:

- arrive on time for a concert and stay there for the entire performance.
- remain still and quiet during an entire musical performance with minimal reminders.
- refrain from having conversations during an entire musical performance.

- arrive on time for a concert and stay there for the entire performance.
- remain still and quiet during an entire musical performance with minimal reminders.
- refrain from having conversations during an entire musical performance.



### Learning Progression for Competency 5: Critical Evaluation and Response

The student can observe and reflect on self and other's performances to develop their craft.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Makes informed evaluations of self	Compares and contrasts my	Talks about what to do differently	Analyzes and discusses
or others' performances	performance with the exemplary performance	to improve performance	sophisticated performance details to determine how his/her performance and the group performance could be improved
Shows little to no signs of home practice	Shows self-discipline by practicing instrument sometimes, even when student does not feel like it	Shows self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it	Shows self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it
Learns to manipulate fine tuners to	Learns to manipulate some fine	Learns to manipulate fine tuners to	Learns to manipulate all fine tuners
tune A string with assistance	tuners to tune some strings with	tune instrument (Quarters 2-4)	to tune instrument without
(Quarters 2-4)	assistance (Quarters 2-4)		assistance (Quarters 2-4)

#### Success Criteria for Proficient for Critical Evaluation and Response:

#### The student can:

Quarter 1:

- talk about what to do differently to improve performance.
- show self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it.

### Quarter 2:

- talk about what to do differently to improve performance.
- show self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it.
- learn to manipulate some fine tuners to tune instrument with assistance.

### Quarter 3:

- talk about what to do differently to improve performance.
- show self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it.
- learn to manipulate all fine tuners to tune instrument with minimal assistance.



**Competencies and Progressions** 

- evaluate his/her own and others' musical performances by observing and comparing to an exemplar.
- listen critically/actively to recording of my own performances.
- listen critically to recording of group performances.
- use criteria to evaluate my own or others' performances.
- show self-discipline by practicing instrument regularly, even when student does not feel like it.
- learn to manipulate all fine tuners to tune instrument independently.